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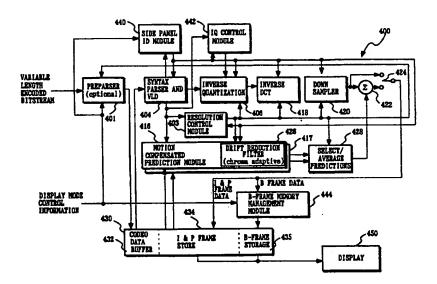
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(54) Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR VIDEO DECODING AT REDUCED COST



(57) Abstract

Methods and apparatus for implementing video decoders at a reduced cost are described. The methods include data reduction techniques, simplified inverse quantization techniques, and dynamically varying the complexity of image enhancement operations, e.g., prediction filtering operations, as a function of whether luminance or chrominance data is being processed. In order to reduce data storage requirements, luminance and chrominance data corresponding to previously encoded images may be stored at different resolutions, portions of B frames which will not be displayed are discarded. Portions of I and P frames which will not be displayed, decoded at reduced resolution and/or using simplified inverse quantization techniques. Another data reduction technique involves applying different amounts of data reduction, e.g., downsampling, to different image portions with no or little downsampling being performed on image portions located near the image's center of interest as determined from information included in a received encoded bitstream.

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Claims

- A method of processing encoded data, the encoded 1 2 data including encoded B frame data, the method comprising the steps of: 3 receiving the encoded B frame data; 4 identifying a portion of the B frame corresponding 5 to an image side panel which will not be displayed; 6 performing a decoding operation on the received 7 encoded B-frame data to produce decoded B-frame data; 8 storing decoded B-frame data in a memory device 9 without storing B-frame data corresponding to the 10 identified B-frame image side panel. 11
 - 1 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step
 2 of:
 - 3 generating an image on a display device from the 4 stored decoded B-frame data.
 - The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
 - discarding B-frame data representing the identified
 B-frame image side panel prior to performing the step of
 storing decoded B-frame data.
 - 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the step of:
 discarding B-frame data is performed prior to
 performing the decoding operation.

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1	5. The method of claim 3, wherein the step of:
2	discarding B-frame data is performed as part of the
3	decoding operation.
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1	6. The method of claim 3, wherein the step of
2	identifying a portion of the B frame corresponding to an
3	image side panel which will not be displayed includes the
4	step of:
5	examining center of interest information included in
6	the encoded B frame data.
1	7. The method of claim 1, wherein the encoded data
· 2	further includes encoded I frame data, the method further
3	comprising the steps of:
4	identifying a portion of the I frame
5	corresponding to an image side panel which will not be
~ 6	displayed;
7	decoding the encoded I-frame data, the method
8	of decoding the I frame including the step of:
9	decoding the encoded I frame data representing
10	the I frame image side panel at a lower resolution than
11 .	the resolution at which the data representing another
12	portion of the I frame is decoded.
1	8. The method of claim 7, wherein the step decoding the
2	encoded I frame data representing the image side panel
3	further includes the step of:

performing a downsampling operation.

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1	9. The method of claim 7, further comprising the step
2	of:
3	storing the decoded I frame data in a memory device
4	and
5	using at least some of the decoded I frame data to
6	perform a motion compensated prediction operation.
1	10. The method of claim 1, wherein the encoded data
2	further includes encoded data representing a P frame, th
3	method further comprising the steps of:
4	identifying a portion of the P frame
5	corresponding to an image side panel which will not be
6	displayed;
7	decoding the encoded P frame data, the method
8	of decoding the P frame including the step of:
9 .	decoding the encoded data representing the P
10	frame image side panel at a lower resolution than the
11	resolution at which the data representing another portion
12	of the I frame is decoded.
1	11. The method of claim 10, further comprising the step
2	of:
3	storing the decoded P frame data in a memory device
4	and
5	using at least some of the decoded P frame data to
6	perform a motion compensated prediction operation.

- 1 12. A method of processing and displaying video data,
- 2 including data representing a bi-directionally coded
- 3 image and an intra-coded image, the method comprising the
- 4 steps of:

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5	storing data representing the intra-coded
6	image;
.7	discarding data corresponding to a portion of
8	the bi-directionally coded image which will not be
9	displayed;
10	storing data representing a portion of the
11	bi-directionally coded image which will be displayed;
12	displaying a first image generated from the
13	data representing the stored intra-coded image; and
14	displaying a second image generated from the
15	stored data representing a portion of the
16	bi-directionally coded image.
•	
1	13. The method of claim 12, further comprising the step
. 2	of:
3	using the stored intra-coded image data as reference
4	data when performing a motion compensated prediction
5	operation.
1	14. The method of claim 13, further comprising the step
2	of:
3	receiving data representing the intra-coded image,
4	identifying portions of the intra-coded image which
5	will not be displayed; and
6	applying a downsampling operation on the data
7	representing the identified portions of the intra-coded
8	image prior to performing the step of storing data
9	representing the intra-coded image.

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1	15. A method of processing encoded video data,
2	comprising the steps of:
3	receiving encoded data representing at least one
4	intra-coded image only a portion of which is to be
5	displayed after decoding;
6	decoding the encoded data representing the portion
7	of the intra-coded image which is to be displayed after
8	decoding at a first resolution; and
9	decoding the encoded data representing the portion
10	of the intra-coded image which is not to be displayed
11	after decoding at a second resolution which is lower than
12	the first resolution.
1	16 The method of claim 15 wherein the portion of the

- intra-coded image which is not to be displayed is an image side panel.
- 1 17. The method of claim 15, further comprising the step of:
- storing the decoded data representing the portion of the intra-coded image which is to be displayed and the portion of the intra-coded image which is not to be displayed in a memory device.

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1	18. The method of claim 17, further comprising the steps
2	of:
3	receiving encoded data representing at least one
4	bi-directionally coded image only a portion of which is
5	to be displayed after decoding;
6	discarding encoded data representing a portion of
7	the bi-directionally encoded image which will not be
8	displayed;
9	decoding-the encoded data representing the portion
10	of the bi-directionally encoded image which is to be
11	displayed after decoding; and
12	storing the decoded image data.
1	19. A method of decoding encoded image data, comprising
2	the steps of:
3	identifying a center of interest of an encoded
4	image by examining the encoded image data for center of
5	interest information included therein;
6	decoding a first portion of the encoded image
7	data representing a first image portion located a first
8	distance from the identified center of interest in
9	accordance with a first decoding procedure; and
10	decoding a second portion of the encoded image
11	data representing a second portion of the encoded image
12	located a second distance from the center of interest
13	using a second decoding procedure which is less resource
14	intensive than the first decoding procedure, the second

distance being greater than the first distance.

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- The method of claim 19, wherein the first decoding 1 procedure includes the step of: 2 performing an MPEG-2 compliant inverse 3 quantization operation; and 4 wherein the second decoding procedure includes 5 the step of: 6 performing a non-MPEG-2 compliant inverse 7 quantization operation. 8 The method of claim 20, wherein the second decoding 1 procedure further includes the step of: 2 performing a data reduction operation. 3
- 22. A method of processing encoded video data,comprising the steps of:
- receiving encoded data representing at least one predictively-coded image only a portion of which is to be displayed after decoding;
 - decoding the encoded data representing the portion of the predictively-coded image which is to be displayed after decoding at a first resolution; and
- decoding the encoded data representing the portion of the predictively-coded image which is not to be
- displayed after decoding at a second resolution which is lower than the first resolution.
 - 1 23. The method of claim 22, wherein the portion of the
 - 2 predictively-coded image which is not to be displayed is
 - 3 an image side panel.

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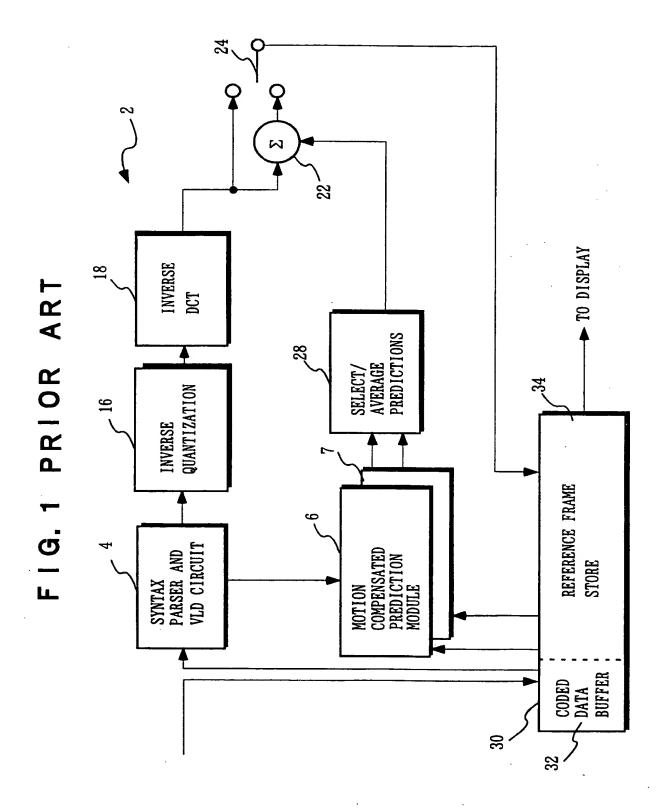
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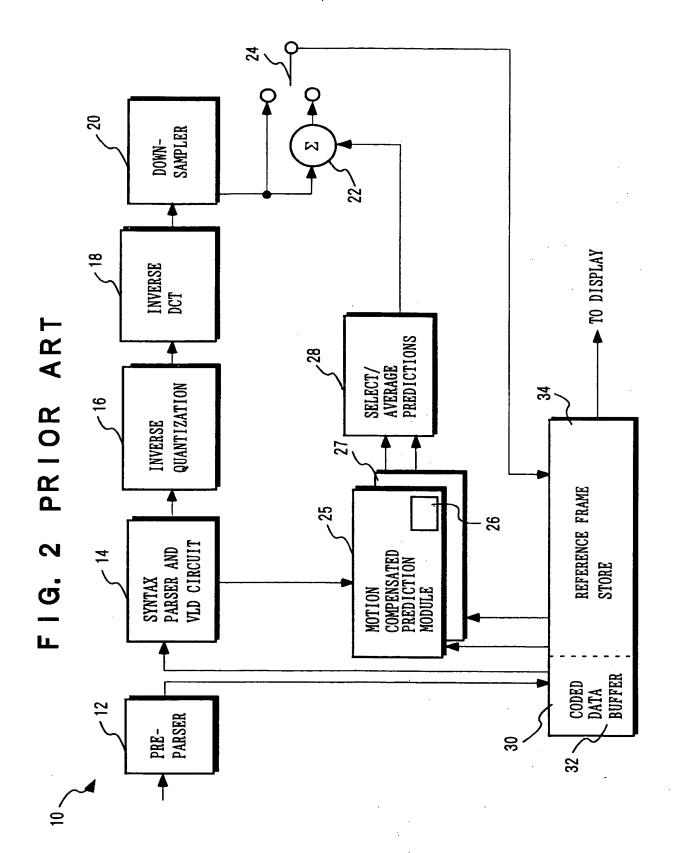
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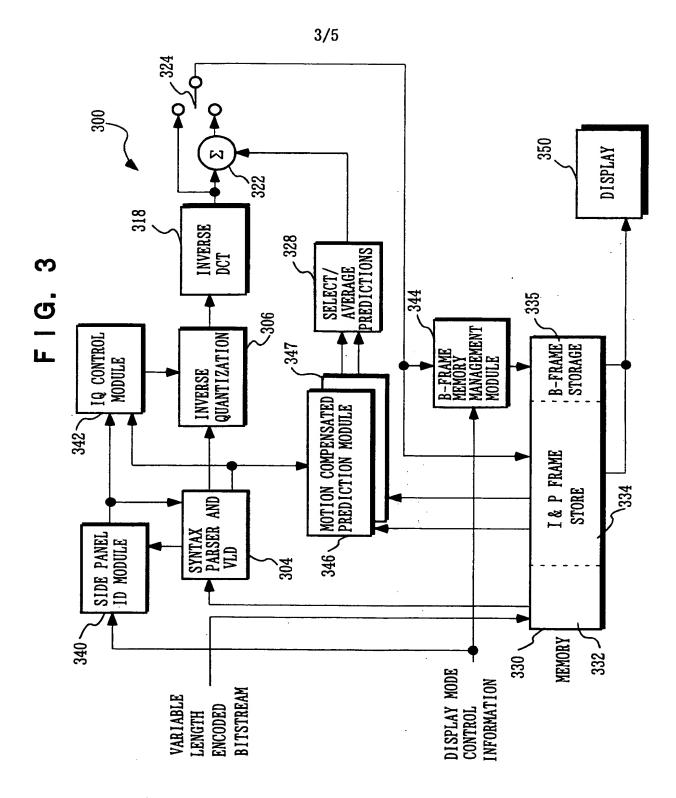
- 1 24. The method of claim 22, further comprising the step
 2 of:
- 3 storing the decoded data representing the portion of
- 4 the predictively-coded image which is to be displayed and
- 5 the portion of the predictively-coded image which is not
- 6 to be displayed in a memory device.
- 1 25. A video decoder apparatus, comprising:
- 2 means for identifying and discarding encoded
- 3 image data representing a portion of a B-frame which is
- 4 not to be displayed;
- 5 means for decoding encoded image data
- 6 representing a portion of a bi-directionally coded frame
- 7 which is to be displayed; and
- 8 a memory device coupled to the means for
- 9 decoding for storing decoded image data.
- 1 26. The video decoder apparatus of claim 25, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 a circuit for identifying image data
- 4 representing a portion of an I-frame which is not to be
- 5 displayed; and
- a data reduction device for performing a data
- 7 reduction operation on the data representing the portion
- 8 of the I-frame which is not to be displayed.
- 1 27. A video decòder apparatus, comprising:
- 2 a circuit for identifying image data
- 3 representing a portion of an intra-coded frame which is
- 4 not to be displayed;

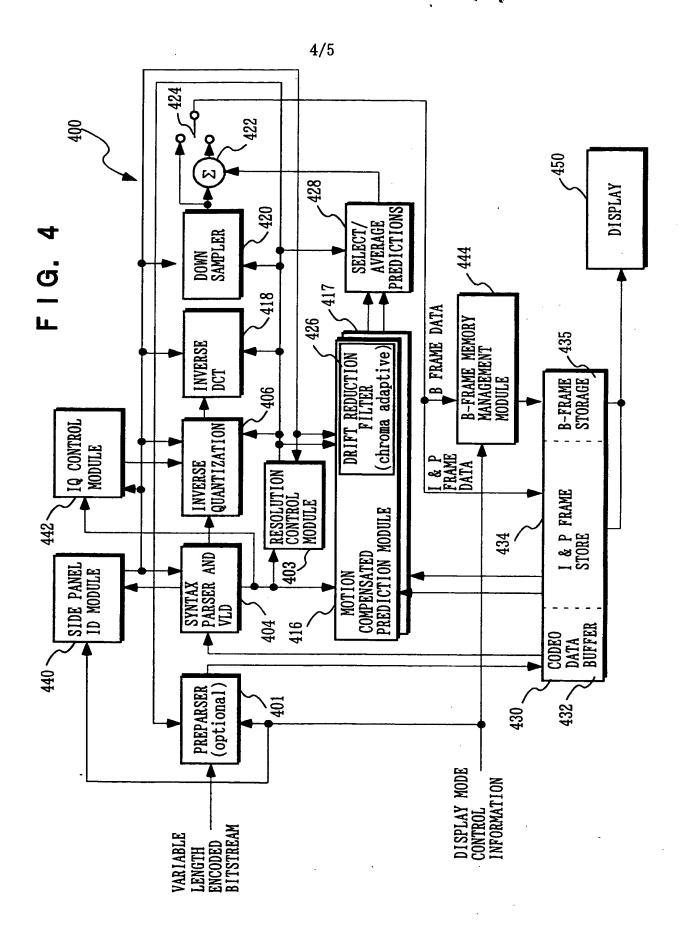
5	a data reduction device for performing a data
6	reduction operation on the data representing the portion
7	of the intra-coded frame which is not to be displayed;
8	a storage device for storing the data generated
9	by the data reduction device; and
10	a motion compensated prediction circuit coupled
11	to the storage device for using the stored data to
12	perform a motion compensated prediction operation.
1	28. The video decoder apparatus of claim 27, further
2	comprising:
3	means for decoding at full resolution
4	intra-coded data which is to be displayed; and
5	a display device for displaying decoded
6	intra-coded data.
1	29. A video decoder apparatus, comprising:
2	a circuit for identifying image data
3	representing a portion of a predictively-coded frame
4 ·	which is not to be displayed;
5	a data reduction device for performing a data
6	reduction operation on the data representing the portion
7	of the predictively coded frame which is not to be
8	displayed;
9	a storage device for storing data generated by
10	performing the data reduction operation; and
11	a motion compensated prediction circuit coupled
12	to the storage device for using stored data to perform a
13	motion compensated perdition operation.

1	30. The video decoder apparatus of claim 29, further
2	comprising:
3	means for decoding at full resolution
4	predictively-coded data which is to be displayed; and
5 6	a display device for displaying decoded predictively-coded data.









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FIG. 5 PRIOR ART

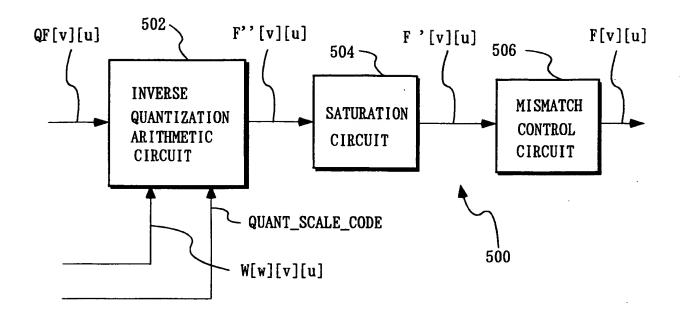
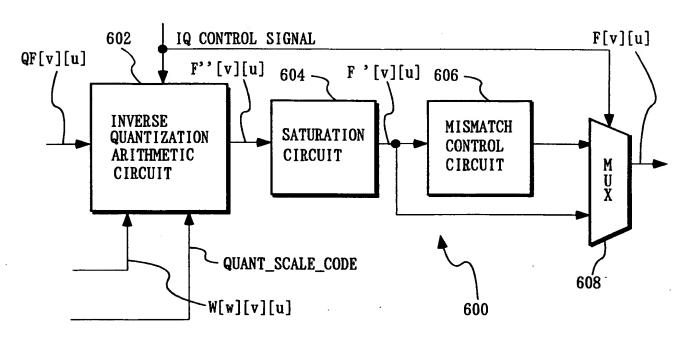


FIG. 6



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte onal Application No PCT/JP 99/02444

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 H04N7/50 H04N H04N7/26 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 HO4N Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X DE 197 09 391 A (MITSUBISHI SEMICONDUCTOR 1-5,12,AMERI) 30 October 1997 (1997-10-30) 13.25-30 column 1, line 36 - column 2, line 33 column 5, line 1 - column 5, line 29 column 6, line 5 - column 6, line 14 BOSVELD F ET AL: "A refinement system for A 1 - 30hierarchical video coding", VISUAL COMMUNICATIONS AND IMAGE PROCESSING '90, LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND, 1-4 OCT. 1990, PROCEEDINGS OF THE SPIE - THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY FOR OPTICAL ENGINEERING, 1990, USA, PAGE(S) 575 - 586 XP002110402 ISSN: 0277-786X * sections 2.1, 2.2, 3.2 * -/--Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents : "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention filing date cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or document is combined with one or more other such docu-ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 27 July 1999 09/08/1999

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A	EP 0 707 426 A (HITACHI LTD) 17 April 1996 (1996-04-17) column 3, line 44 - column 3, line 59 column 7, line 3 - column 7, line 50 column 12, line 51 - column 13, line 3 column 19, line 25 - column 22, line 34		1-30
1	"TRANSMISSION OF NON-TELEPHONE SIGNALS. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY - GENERIC CODING OF MOVING PICTURES AND ASSOCIATED AUDIO INFORMATION: VIDEO", ITU-T TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARIZATION SECTOR OF ITU, PAGE(S) A/B, I - VIII, 1 XP000198491 * sections 6.3.12 - 6.3.14 * * sections 7.4 - 7.4.5 *		1-30
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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